(1) Publication number:

0212842

12

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

Application number: 86305442.5

Date of filing: 15.07.88

(5) Int. ct.4: **G 07 F 7/00**, G 07 F 7/02, G 07 C 9/00

Priority: 22.07.85 GB 8518483

Applicant: CITY WHEELS LIMITED, 16 Berkeley Street, London W1X 5AE (GB)

Date of publication of application: 04.03.87 **Bulletin 87/10**

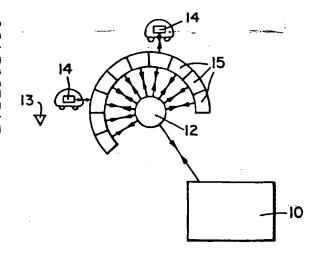
Inventor: Dodson, Christopher, MORTIMER **TECHNOLOGY LIMITED Mortimer Hill, Mortimer** Reading Berkshire RG7 3PG (QB)

Designated Contracting States: AT BE CH DE FR GB IT LI LU NL SE

Representative: Wright, Peter David John et al, R.G.C. Ø Jenkins & Co. 12-15, Fetter Lane, London EC4A 1PL (GB)

Control system.

A control system for use in connection with one or more facilities comprising means for receiving information identifying a particular token, which system is operable so as, when intermittently presented with the token after receiving said identifying information, to recognise that token as a key and to permit access to and/or operation of one or more of the facilities until a predetermined time has elapsed or a selected event has occurred and until then not to recognise tokens of other random users, and thereafter no longer to permit access to and/or operation of the or each facility until further identifying information relating to a valid token is received.



CONTROL SYSTEM

The present invention relates to a control system operative to recognise a token carried by a user so as to permit access to one or more facilities. In a particular embodiment, the system is operable to recognise a token as a key for a door lock. For example, the control system may be operable to recognise a token as a key for the doors of a hired vehicle forming part of an urban transport system.

According to a first aspect of the present invention we provide a control system for use in connection with one or more facilities of a vehicle comprising means for receiving information identifying a particular token, which system is operable so as, when intermittently presented with the token after-receiving said identifying information, to recognise that token as a key and to permit access to and/or operation of one or more of the facilities until a predetermined time has elapsed or a selected event has occurred and until then not to recognise tokens of other random users, and thereafter no longer to permit

access to and/or operation of the or each facility until further identifying information relating to a valid token is received.

The selected event may be presentation of the token to the control system in a particular manner and/or at a particular time.

Preferably, the control system initially checks the validity of the token and is operable to cause rejection of an invalid token.

The identifying information may initially be received as the result of reading information from the token. Alternatively, the identifying information may initially be received from a source other than the token.

The control system may be operable to permit a token to function as a key to a lock. The control system may be adapted for use with the token in the form of a credit card.

The control system may comprise a central control unit in communication with a plurality of auxiliary control units wherein each auxiliary unit is in communication with at least one facility and is responsive to signals from the central control unit. The selected event may be the receipt by an auxiliary control unit of a selected signal from the central control unit.

The identifying information may be sent to the auxiliary control units from the central control unit. Alternatively, the identifying information may be sent to the central control unit via an auxiliary control unit.

According to another feature of the present invention we provide a control system for use in connection with one or more facilities comprising means for receiving information identifying a payment token and/or the owner thereof to enable payment to be made for the use of the or each facility, which system is adapted also to recognise the payment token as a key and to permit access to and/or operation of one or more of the facilities when intermittently presented with the token after receiving said identifying information.

The payment token may be in the form of a credit card.

A particular embodiment of the present invention will now be described, by way of example, with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

Figure 1 is a schematic diagram of a control system according to a first embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 2 is a block diagram representing a charging station computer;

Figure 3 is a block diagram representing an in-car computer;

In general terms, in the embodiment a control system according to the present invention is incorporated in an urban transport system in which electrically powered vehicles are let for hire. The transport system comprises vehicle charging stations at different locations, each vehicle charging station comprising several charging points. A vehicle can be collected for hire by a user from a charging point at a vehicle charging station and, after use, can be returned to a charging point for recharging at the same, or at a different, charging station.

Vehicles may be hired by users having any one of the commonly used credit cards carrying identifying information in magnetic form, which information is readable by wiping the credit card through the jaws on a card reader of known type.

Each vehicle is provided with a credit card reader in the form of a pair of jaws mounted externally on the vehicle body just behind the opening for the driver door. The hire of a vehicle is initiated by the user wiping his or her credit card through the reader. Thereafter, alternately wiping that particular credit

card through the reader jaws causes locking and unlocking of the vehicle doors thereby obviating the need to issue a separate door key to each user. That particular credit card is recognised by the control system until the car is returned to the charging point and the hire is terminated. If, during the hire, another person wipes a credit card of theirs through the reader jaws, it will not be recognised by the control system. Thus, another random user cannot interrupt the hire while the vehicle is being used by the first user, for example, when the vehicle is parked and left temporarily unattended by the first user.

It is however envisaged to provide master cards for service mechanics to enable them to gain access to any of the vehicles at all times.

Therefore, the control system is operative to allow a user to use a credit card to initiate a hire transaction and to enable a bill to be sent to the userat a later date and also to lock and unlock the vehicle doors during the hire period. The credit card thus takes on a dual role during that time. The credit card may also be used to terminate the hire transaction.

Referring now to figure 1, the control system comprises a central computer 10 in communication with several charging station computers 12, one at each charging station 13, and an in-car computer 14 in each

vehicle. In figure 1, for simplicity only one charging station computer 12 is shown and is connected to the in-car computers 14 of two vehicles connected to charging points 15 at the charging station 13.

The central computer 10 is in duplex communication with each of the charging station computers 12 and is linked to these by a fixed communication network of dedicated lines supervised by the central computer 10. one of the in-car computers 14 is linked temporarily to one of the charging station computers 12 when the vehicle in question is connected to a charging point in the relevant charging station. computers 14 which are connected to a charging station computer 12 form a local network supervised by the charging station computer. During that time, the 12 acts more or charging station computer transparently to permit the central computer 10 to communicate with any one of the in-car computers 14. When the vehicles are on hire and away from a charging station, the in-car computers 14 operate autonomously without any communication with the central computer 10 or with any of the charging station computers 12.

The charging connection between a vehicle and a charging point may be achieved by the user manually plugging the vehicle into a charging point or by an automatic connection effected when the vehicle is

driven up to charging point, for example, the vehicle may be provided with a fin receivable in a slot provided in the charging point. When a vehicle is connected to a charging point, its in-car computer 14 communicates with the charging station computer 12 via The communication links between a an RF connection. charging station computer 12 and the in-car computers 14 in the vehicles on charging points at that charging station is of a multi-drop configuration and each of the in-car computers 14 is polled in sequence by the charging station computer 12, after first being identified on arrival by a special polling protocol, to collect data from the in-car computers 14 and to transmit messages to them.

The central computer 10 is responsible for overall supervision of the charging station computers 12 and the in-car computers 14 and also performs accounting functions and holds records containing customer details, current hire tarrifs, information relating to the vehicles for hire and their current operational status and information regarding the availability of parking space in each charging station. The central computer is also in communication with a central register holding current information relating to stolen credit cards so that the authenticity of a user's credit card can be checked.

The charging station computers 12 supervise vehicle hire and return and parking space reservation procedures with the support of the central computer 10. In the event of communication with the central computer 10 being temporarily impossible due to computer or communications failure, the charging station computers 12 have a limited ability to act automonously to handle hire returns and invoicing as will be described.

The charging station computers 12 are powered from the mains. The in-car computers 14 are powered from their vehicle batteries. In both cases, a RAM battery back-up is provided which will be recharged from the logic power supply.

Referring to figure 2, each charging station computer 12 comprises an Intel 8085 microprocessor 16, an EPROM 18 for storing the application programmes and fixed data, a CMOS RAM 20 for storing variables such as time of day, hire tariffs etc, a coded switch 22 carrying a vehicle station identification code and a timer 24. The peripheral equipment associated with each charging station computer 12 comprises a cassette unit 26, a card reader 28, a keypad 30, a display 32, a printer 34 and an "all spaces reserved" sign 36. Suitable interfaces and drivers are provided for the peripheral components as indicated in figure 2.

The charging station computer 12 communicates with the in-car computers 14 of vehicles at charging points via a serial communications interface 38 and a modulator 40 and communicates with the central computer 10 via a serial communications interface 42 and a modem 44.

The cassette unit 26 is inaccessible to the public and is used to store information passed between in-car computers 14 and the relevant charging station computer 12 during any periods when communication with the central computer 10 is impossible. When communication with the central computer 10 resumes, the information stored on cassette is recovered and transmitted to the central computer 10.

The card reader 28, keypad 30, display 32 and printer 34 are accessible to the public. They are all of known type and are of vandal-proof construction.

When the card reader 28 is presented with a credit card a PLEASE WAIT message is shown on the display 32 whilst the charging station computer 12 determines the card category without referring to the central computer 10. If the credit card is from a new hirer then a GO TO CAR message is shown on the display 32. If the credit card is one from a recently returned hirer then a receipt is printed by the printer 34. The printer 34 is also used for printing general messages from the central computer 10.

The keypad 30 comprises numeric keys (0-9) and two function keys - a PARKING key for making a parking space reservation request and an ENTER key. A map of all of the charging stations in the area is provided at each charging station. Each charging station is given a particular reference number so that the user can key in the number of the charging station at which he wishes to reserve a parking space. The display 32 indicates acknowledgement or rejection of parking space reservation requests and may also display any general messages about road or parking conditions sent to it from the central computer 10.

The "all spaces reserved" sign is lit up when all the charging points at a charging station are either being used by vehicles or are reserved as parking spaces for vehicles yet to arrive.

Similarly to the charging station computers 12, each of the in-car computers 14 comprises an Intel 8085 microprocessor 46, an EPROM 48, RAM 50, coded switch 52 carrying a particular vehicle identity code and timer 54.

The in-car computer 14 is connected to a card reader 56 comprising a pair of jaws and a display 58 mounted externally on the particular vehicle and to a keypad 60, display 62 and voice synthesis system 64 inside the vehicle. The in-car computer 14 is also

connected to an LED strip display inside the vehicle, and to switches controlling the door locks, a parking brake, an emergency beacon, a reduced power output and the vehicle motor.

Various sensors for sensing the charge-state of the battery, the motor current, whether the vehicle is in motion or on charge and the mileage covered are each connected to an appropriate digital input unit 68 for providing signals to the microprocessor 46.

In response to presentation of a user's credit card, signals from the external card reader 56 will transmit serial information to the microprocessor 46 which will be used to qualify the hirer for charging purposes at the start of hire, to lock and unlock the vehicle doors during the period of hire and to terminate the hire.

The external display 58 displays messages such as:

BATTERY DEAD

CONNECTED

BATTERY LOW

PLEASE WAIT

ON CHARGE

REENTER CARD

CAR UNSERVICEABLE

O.K.

RESERVED

ON HIRE

AVAILABLE FOR HIRE

HIRE REFUSED

The display 62 inside the vehicle displays the charge accumulated for the current hire which is a function of the hire time and the LED strip display

indicates the time remaining before the vehicle battery requires charging. The internal display 62 also operates in conjunction with the keypad 60 to echo keyed selections and to warn of the consequences of confirming a selection. When a vehicle is at a charging point, the display 62 also displays messages received from the central computer 10.

The keypad 60 comprises numeric (0-9) keys and function keys - a RESERVE key for reserving the vehicle for further use, a BEACON ON key, an UNSERVICEABLE key and an ENTER key. Selections are confirmed by typing 999 and pressing the ENTER key.

The voice synthesiser 64 comprises a voice synthesis unit 74 and a speaker 76 and is used to provide an audible warning to the user if the battery voltage is low and also reminds the hirer to remove all his goods at the end of the hire period. Audio messages include "battery dead", "battery low" and "terminate hire instructions".

The emergency beacon is operable to transmit radio signals to permit location of the vehicle in the case of battery failure or other break-down and in the case of some forms of unauthorised use. The emergency beacon is independently battery powered.

The door locks are each operated by a solenoid switch responsive to signals from the processor 46.

In use, the battery voltage measured will be compared against reference "low" and "dead" limits. The "low" limit indicates an urgent need to recharge and in that event further use of the vehicle will only be permitted at reduced power. If the battery voltage has reached the "dead" limit the in-car computer 14 prevents further use of the vehicle, outputting BATTERY DEAD on the external display 58, turning off the motor and emitting an audio message to the user. The emergency beacon is then activated. In fact, a battery reserve is available but is only released in response to presentation of a master card to the card reader 56.

The following page is a summary of the messages which pass between the central computer 10 and the charging station computers 12 and between each charging station 12 and the in-car computers 14 of the vehicles at that charging station -

Reading from the top of that summary the central computer 10 sends regular STATION ID polling signals to each charging station computer 12 to permit information to be sent from each charging station 12 to the central computer 10. Likewise, each of the charging stations 12 sends regular polling signals to the in-car computers 14 of the vehicles at that charging station.

COMMUNICATIONS MESSAGE SUMMARY

<u>Cac</u>	()	Charging Station	() <u>Cen</u> i	tral Computer	
(-	CAR I.D. POLL	(-	STATION I.D. POLL	ζ-	
(-	NEW ARRIVAL POLL		ARRIVAL message	->	
- >	CAR STATUS message	->>	STATUS message	->	
\	STATUS INTERROGATIO	ON (-			
		•	STATUS INTERROGATION	ON <-	
		v ->	STATION STATUS mes	essage->	
>	TERMINATE HIRE		TERMINATE HIRE CHARGE message	-> ->	
->	REQUEST FOR HIRE	·->>	REQUEST FOR HIRE	· ->	
<-	AUTHORIZE/REFUSE	((-	GOOD/BAD CARD	ζ- · ·	
		->	PARKING SPACE REQU	 EST ->	
		<-	CONFIRM/REFUSE	(-	
⟨ ÷	FREE MESSAGE (Car)	< <- <-	FREE MESSAGE (Car) FREE MESSAGE (Ch.S	<- t.) <-	
٠		>	DEPARTURE message	->	
(–	BEACON OFF RETURN TO SERVICE RELEASE RESERVATION	<	BEACON OFF RETURN TO SERVICE RELEASE RESERVATIO	(- (- N (-	
•			CAR FARK FULL/SPAC	· •	
		-	CASSETTE DUMP	->	
		<-	STRATEGIC DATA mes	sage(-	

The system is programmed so that the in-car computers 14 in all of the vehicles at a charging station are receptive to NEW ARRIVAL poll messages from the charging station computer 12. This polling message sets the receiving ID (which will then be unknown) to zero and, if an in-car computer 14 is receiving that pole for the first time on returning to a charging station, it will respond by giving its ID in a CAR STATUS message containing information about the battery state and whether the car is: serviceable or unservicable, on charge, reserved or available; together with information as to the state of the beacon and the time of day from the in-car computer clock.

The charging station computer 12 sends regular STATUS INTERROGATION messages to the in-car computers 14 connected thereto and the in-car computers 14 respond with CAR STATUS messages which are transmitted via the charging station computer 12 to the central computer 10. Likewise, the central computer 10 transmits STATUS INTERROGATION messages charging station computer 12 which responds providing information relating to the number vehicles presently at that station, the number available parking spaces etc in a STATION STATUS message to the central computer 10.

On termination of a hire, a TERMINATE HIRE message is sent from the in-car computer 14 to the central computer 10 via the charging station computer 12 and the charging station computer 12 also sends a CHARGE message to the central computer 10 including information regarding the hire charge calculated, VAT calculation, invoice serial number and the time of day.

When a new hirer wipes his or her credit card through the card reader 56 on the body of a vehicle at a charging point, this causes a REQUEST FOR HIRE message to be sent from the in-car computer 14 to the central computer 10 via the charging station computer 12. The central computer 10 checks whether the credit card is acceptable by accessing the central credit card register and sends a GOOD/BAD CARD signal, as appropriate, to the in-car computer 14 via the charging station computer 12 to authorise or refuse the hire respectively.

In response to a request for parking space made using the keypad 30 at a charging station, the central computer 10 checks whether there are any parking spaces presently available at the particular charging station to which the request relates and sends a signal confirming or refusing the request, as appropriate, which is displayed on the display 32 at the first charging station.

}

Messages of a general nature can be transmitted from the central computer 10 to the in-car computers 14 via the charging station computers 12 and to the charging station computers 12 themselves. When a vehicle leaves a charging point, the charging station computer 12 senses this by failure of the in-car computer 14 of that vehicle to response to its polling signals and then sends a DEPARTURE message to the central computer 10.

Signals for turning vehicle beacons off, returning vehicles to service and for releasing vehicle reservations are sent from central computer 10 to the in-car computers 14 of the respective vehicles via the charging station computers 12.

The central computer 10 also sends a signal to each of the charging station computers 12 indicating whether there are any spaces still available at that charging station, i.e whether there are any charging points not already occupied by vehicles which are not reserved, and the charging station computer 12 operates the sign 36 accordingly.

The CASSETTE DUMP message is employed to transfer information recorded on the charging station cassette during periods of non-communication with the central computer 10.

The STRATEGIC DATA message sent from the central computer 10 to the charging station computers 12 relates to housekeeping tasks performed by the central computer 10 once a day and contains information including the next 7 day's tariff.

Use of the urban transport system will now be described.

If, on entering a charging station, a new hirer wipes a credit card through the card reader 28 of the charging station computer 12, a GO TO CAR message will appear on the display 32. If the user finds that in fact there are no vehicles at that particular charging station which are presently available for hire, on again wiping its card through the reader 28, the display 32 will indicate the expected time at which the next vehicle will complete battery charging or will return from hire.

The user may make a request to reserve a parking space at the same charging station or at a different charging station by pressing the PARKING key of the keypad 30. The display 32 then indicates the consequence of making such a request i.e details of the charge which will be levied for reserving a parking space irrespective of whether it is taken up. The display 32 then indicates a request for confirmation of the parking reservation which is confirmed by the user

:)

keying in code 999 and pressing the ENTER key. display 32 then requests entry of the destination code of the charging station in question which the user keys in by referring to the map provided and by using the numeric keys followed by the ENTER key. These entries are echoed on the display 32. A PARKING SPACE REQUEST message is then sent to the central computer 10 and a PLEASE WAIT MESSAGE is indicated on the display 32. Confirmation or refusal of the request is subsequently displayed on the display 32. The central computer allocates a certain amount of time for the reserved parking space to be taken up depending on the distance between the charging station at which the parking space reservation request is made and the one which is the user's intended destination. After that time the reservation is automatically cancelled.

The user then goes to any vehicle displaying AVAILABLE FOR HIRE on the external vehicle display 58 and wipes his credit card through the jaws of the external reader 56 on the vehicle. This will cause the display 58 to indicate a PLEASE WAIT message. A REQUEST FOR HIRE message will then be sent to the central computer 10 via the charging station computer 12 which will either authorise or refuse the hire. If the central computer 10 is temporarily unavailable then no new hires will be authorised until later.

The effect of an AUTHORISED HIRE message being relayed to the in-car computer 14 by the charging station computer 12 is that the hirer's credit card number, the current tariff, last mileage reading and time of the day are stored in the memory of the in-car computer 14. If necessary, the mileage and time of day information is updated in the memory of the in-car computer 14. An O.K message is displayed on the display 58 of the vehicle and the in-car computer processor 46 sends a signal to the solenoid switches controlling the vehicle door locks so as to unlock the door. From then on, the hire time is recorded. The display 58 then indicates an ON HIRE message.

If the central computer 10 finds the user's credit card to be invalid it will refuse the hire and a HIRE REFUSED message will appear on the display 58.

An authorised hirer can then drive the vehicle away from the charging point. The vehicle is fitted with a press-button ignition so that no separate ignition key is necessary.

While on hire, the in-car computer 14 computes the current hire charge using the stored tariff and a measure of the elapsed time since the beginning of the hire. The driving time which remains is calculated using signals from the battery state and motor current sensors as it depends on the initial charge state of

the battery and a running integral of time and motor current. An audible warning is issued by the voice synthesizer 64 when the estimated time to "battery low" condition is 15 minutes. The current hire charge is displayed on the internal display 62 and the driving time remaining is represented on the LED strip display inside the vehicle.

The in-car computer 14 responds to signals from the "in motion" sensor and the motor current sensor by activating the parking brake if the vehicle is stationary and the motor current is low and releasing the parking brake if the motor current increases.

In the event that charging of the battery is sensed when the vehicle is not at a charging point, the in-car computer 14 acts to operate the emergency beacon.

During the hire, the user can park the vehicle in the normal way and by wiping his credit card through the jaws of the external card reader 56 causes the vehicle doors to be locked. On returning to the vehicle and again wiping his card through the jaws of the card reader 56 the doors are again unlocked and so on. The in-car computer 14 is programmed so as to recognise only that particular credit card during the hire of that user and will not respond to any other cards except a master card held by a service mechanic.

Should the user press either of the UNSERVICEABLE or BEACON ON keys of the interior keypad 60, the display 62 indicates the consequence of that action and requests confirmation. If confirmed, the appropriate message is displayed on the external display 58 and a service mechanic will be called.

On returning to a charging station, the user connects the vehicle to a charging point at which time communication between the in-car computer 14 and the charging station computer 12 is established. The internal display 62 will show CONNECTED to advise the user of successful docking. The user then has the option of reserving that vehicle if he wishes or of terminating the hire. He can reserve the vehicle for a predetermined period of time by pressing the RESERVE button on the internal keypad 60 and, if the request for reservation is confirmed, the hire will continue even if the user leaves the car and locks the doors by again wiping his credit card through the reader 56. Otherwise, the act of locking the vehicle doors with the vehicle is connected to a charging point will serve to terminate the hire. If the external card reader 56 on the vehicle is not used within a set period of time from docking of the vehicle at a charging point, then the car doors will automatically be locked by the in-car computer 14 and the hire will be terminated. A penalty charge may be levied in that instance.

Before hire is terminated, the user will be asked, either using the internal display 62 or the voice synthesiser 64, to press the UNSERVICEABLE button on the keypad 60 if the car has a fault and to leave a written fault report. He will also be advised that a receipt may be obtained at the central desk.

On leaving the vehicle, if the user wishes to obtain a receipt he wipes his credit card through the card reader 28 of the charging station computer 12 and a receipt will be issued by the printer 34.

It is envisaged that each charging station may be provided with an entry barrier and a further card reader associated with the barrier so that hirers returning vehicles can be prevented from using parking spaces reserved by others.

Although the control system is programmed to recognise standard credit cards a special purpose credit card may be issued to regular users.

It is envisaged that programmed maintenance devices will be provided which can communicate with the in-car computers 14 using the communication link normally used for interconnecting the in-car computers 14 with the charging station computers 12. The maintenance devices will be used for test purposes.

It should be understood that many variations are possible whilst still falling within the scope of the present invention.

In particular, any suitable wipe-through sequence of a credit card in the card reader 56 may be devised for initiating the hire transaction and thereafter for unlocking and locking the car doors. The in-car computers 14 may be programmed so as to lock and unlock all the vehicle doors simultaneously or so as to lock and unlock only the driver's door as required.

As well as or instead of unlocking and locking the car doors further facilities may be controlled by the control system, for example, activation of the vehicle ignition.

Furthermore, it should be appreciated that the control system according to the present invention may be adapted to be used in connection with any type of appliance let for hire for example all types of machinery, tools etc in which an information carrying token can be used as a key to operate an on/off switch or to access other control means.

In relation to the embodiment described above, instead of a credit card, any other type of information carrying token can be used together with an appropriate means for reading information from the token.

CLAIMS:

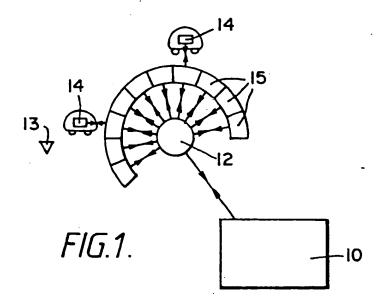
- 1. A control system for use in connection with one or more facilities of a vehicle comprising means for receiving information identifying a particular token, which system is operable so as, when intermittently presented with the token after receiving said identifying information, to recognise that token as a key and to permit access to and/or operation of one or more of the facilities until a predetermined time has elapsed or a selected event has occurred and until then not to recognise tokens of other random users, and thereafter no longer to permit access to and/or operation of the or each facility until further identifying information relating to a valid token is received.
- 2. A control system according to claim 1 wherein the selected event is presentation of the token to the control system in a particular manner and/or at a particular time.
- 3. A control system according to claim 1 or claim 2 which initially checks the validity of the token and is operable to cause rejection of an invalid token.

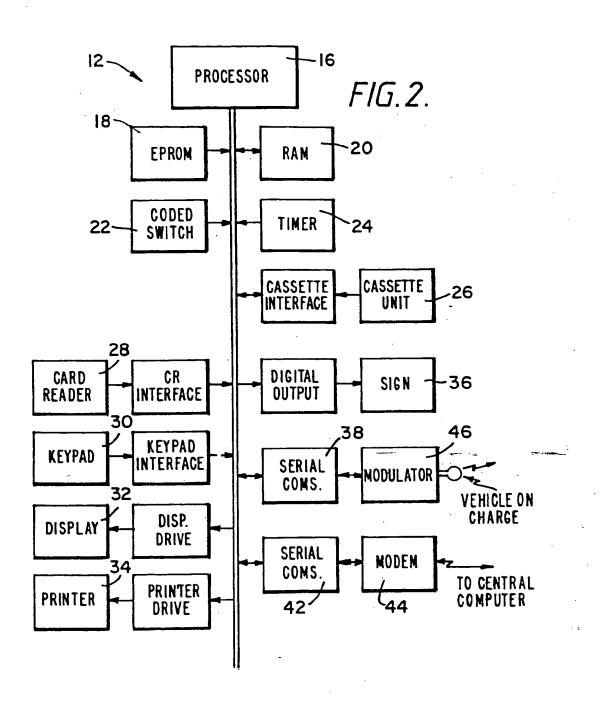
- 4. A control system according to any preceding claim wherein the identifying information is initially received as a result of reading information from the token.
- 5. A control system according to any of claims 1 to 3 wherein the identifying information is initially received from a source other than the token.
- 6. A control system according to any preceding claim which is operable to permit a token to function as a key to a lock.
- 7. A control system according to any preceding claim adapted for use with a token in the form of a credit card.
- 8. A control system according to any preceding claim comprising a central control unit in communication with a plurality of auxiliary control units wherein each auxiliary unit is in communication with at least one facility and is responsive to signals from the central control unit.
- 9. A control system according to claim 8 wherein the selected event is the receipt by an auxiliary control

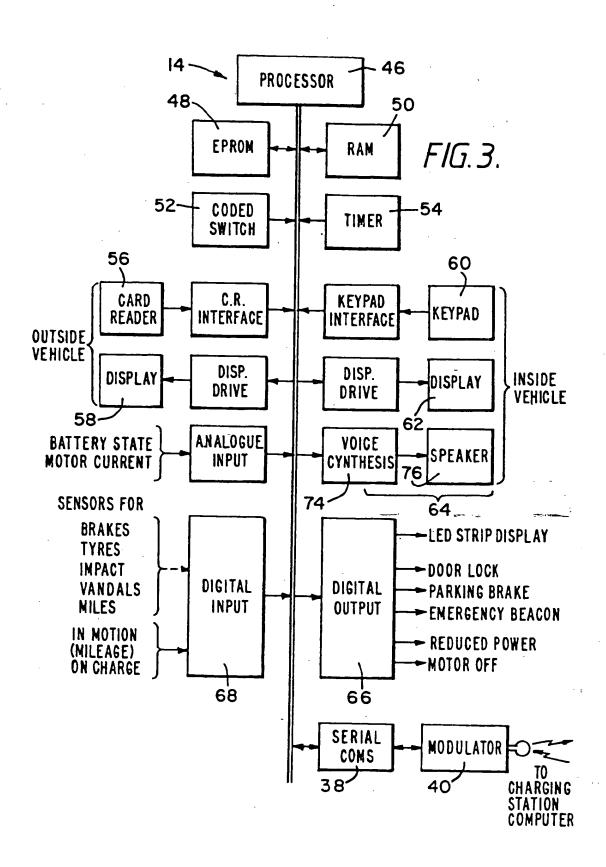
unit of a selected signal from the central control unit.

- 10. A control system according to claim 8 or claim 9 wherein the identifying information is sent to the auxiliary control units from the central control unit.
- 11. A control system according to claim 8 or claim 9 wherein the identifying information is sent to the central control unit via an auxiliary control unit.
- 12. A control system according to any preceding claim adapted for use in a vehicle transportation system.
- 13. A control system according to claim 12 operable to permit a token to function as a key to the door of a vehicle.
- 14. A control system according to claim 12 when dependent on claim 8 wherein an auxiliary control unit is disposed in each vehicle.
- 15. A control system according to claim 14 wherein the vehicles are electrically powered and the auxiliary control units are connectable to the central control unit via intermediate control units associated with means for charging the vehicles.

- 16. A control system according to any of claims 12 to 15 wherein means for reading information from a token is mounted externally on the body of each vehicle.
- 17. A control system according to any of claims 12 to 16 wherein the selected event is presentation of the token to token reading means associated with the relevant vehicle when the vehicle is connected to a charging point after having just returned from hire.
- 18. A control system according to any preceding claim comprising means for receiving information identifying a payment token and/or the owner thereof to enable payment to be made for the use of the or each facility, which system is adapted also to recognise the payment token as a key and to permit access to and/or operation of one or more of the facilities when intermittently presented with the token after receiving said identifying information.
- 19. A control system according to claim 18 comprising means for calculating the costs involved in the use of the or each facility.
- 20. A control system according to claim 19 which is arranged so that presentation or information identifying the payment token and/or the owner thereof initiates calculation of the costs involved.







EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

EP 86 30 5442

ategory	Citation of document v	SIDERED TO BE RELEVA	Relevant	CLASSIFICATION	OF THE
	Of res	evant pessages	to claim	APPLICATION (I	nt. Cl.4)
X.	* Abstract; col column 3, line	(ALTMAN et al.) umn 2, line 18 - 3; column 3, line line 26; figures *	18-20		7/00 7/02 9/00
A			13,16, 17		
Y	FR-A-2 126 602 * Page 1, line 4; claims *	•	1-6,8- 15,17- 20		
Y	US-A-4 072 850	•	1-8,12 -15,17 -20	TECHNICAL FI	
	column 2, line	olumn 1, line 51 - 66; column 3, line line 64; figures *	: []	G 07 C G 07 F B 60 R	-
Y	54 - column 6,		1-12, 17-20		·
	-	/-			
	The present search report has t	been drawn up for all claims			• =
7	Place of search THE HAGUE	Date of completion of the search 30-10-1986	MEYL	Examiner D.	
Y : part doc A : tech	CATEGORY OF CITED DOCU ticularly relevant if taken alone ticularly relevant if combined w ument of the same category noological background i-written disclosure	E : earlier p after the ith another D : docume	filing date nt cited in the app nt cited for other r	out published on, or lication easons	





EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

86 30 5442 ΕP

	DOCUMENTS CONSI	DERED TO BE RELEVAN	iT	Page 2
itegory		indication, where appropriate, ant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. Cl.4)
A	WO-A-8 501 812 * Page 4, line 4 16; figures 15-1	- page 7, line	1-8,15	
A	US-A-3 742 453	- (POYLO)	1,2,4, 6,7,18	
	column 2, line 2	<pre>lumn 1, line 15 - 2; column 2, line ine 35; column 4, ures *</pre>		
. A	EP-A-0 147 284	- (LEWINER et al.)	1-4,6,	
	* Page 4, line 2 34; figures *	2 - page 6, line		
A	DE-A-2 210 088 (SCHIMMELPENNINC * Claims *	- (K)	1,15	TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int. Cl.4)
A	GB-A-2 146 154 * Abstract; page claims; figures	2, lines 37-126;	1-7,12	gare na in anno sa
A	WO-A-8 403 785	(ERNST)		
A	FR-A-2 535 491	(THOMSON-BRANDT)		
		-/-		
	The present search report has b	seen drawn up for all claims		
	Place of search THE HAGUE	Date of completion of the searc 30–10–1986	MEYI	Examiner L D.
Y:pa	CATEGORY OF CITED DOCL articularly relevant if taken alone articularly relevant if combined w ocument of the same category echnological background on-written disclosure	E : earlier parter the sith another D : docume L : docume	patent document, a filing date ant cited in the ap ant cited for other r of the same pat	rlying the invention but published on, or oplication r reasons ent family, corresponding



EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

0212842 Application number

EP 86 30 5442

	,	SIDERED TO BE REL		Page 3 CLASSIFICATION OF THE
Category	of rele	want passages	to claim	
A	FR-A-2 212 064	(MICHARD)		
		!	1	
		•	1	.]
		•		TECHNICAL FIELDS
			ŧ	SEARCHED (Int. CI.4)
			•	
			+	
•				·
	·			
	·			
	The present search report has	been drawn up for all claims		
	Place of search	Date of completion of th		Examiner
•	THE HAGUE	30-10-1986		L D.
Y : pa	CATEGORY OF CITED DOC inticularly relevant if taken alone inticularly relevant if combined viocument of the same category	E: e a with another D: d	neory or principle un arier patent docume filer the filing date ocument cited in the ocument cited for ot	derlying the invention int, but published on, or application
A: te	chnological background			
	termediate document		ocument	